

# CERTIFICATE of EU TYPE-APPROVAL

No. DK 0199.183 Revision 1

# Boston / Vegas / California / Kansas

NON-AUTOMATIC WEIGHING INSTRUMENT

Issued by DELTA Danish Electronics, Light & Acoustics

EU - Notified Body No. 0199

In accordance with the requirements for the non-automatic weighing instrument of EC Council Directive 90/384/EEC.

Issued to Inwag Systems Renata Wlodarczyk

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**POLAND** 

**In respect of** Non-automatic weighing instrument designated Boston / Vegas / California /

Kansas with variants of modules of load receptors, load cells and peripheral

equipment.

Accuracy class III and IIII

Maximum capacity, Max: From 1 kg up to 199 950 kg

Verification scale interval: e = Max / n

Maximum number of verification scale intervals: n = 6,000 for class III, n = 1,000 for class IIII (however, dependent on environment and the composition

of the modules).

Variants of modules and conditions for the composition of the modules are set

out in the annex.

The conformity with the essential requirements in annex 1 of the Directive is met by the application of the European Standard EN 45501:1992/AC:1993 and WELMEC 2.1:2001.

The principal characteristics and approval conditions are set out in the descriptive annex to this certificate.

The annex comprises 15 pages.

Thousand

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# Descriptive annex

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# 1. Name and type of instrument and modules

The weighing instrument is designated Boston / Vegas / California / Kansas. It is a system of modules consisting of an electronic indicator, connected to a separate load receptor and peripheral equipment such as printers or other devices, as appropriate. The instrument is a Class III or IIII, self-indicating weighing instrument with single-interval, an external AC mains adapter, and an internal rechargeable battery (optional).

The indicators consist of analogue to digital conversion circuitry, microprocessor control circuitry, power supply, keyboard, non-volatile memory for storage of calibration and setup data, and a weight display contained within a single enclosure.

The modules appear from the sections 3.1, 3.2.1 and 3.2.2; the principle of the composition of the modules is set out in the sections 6.1 and 10.

# 2. Description of the construction and function

#### 2.1 Construction

#### 2.1.1 Indicator

The indicator is specified in section 3.1.

#### **Enclosures and keyboard**

The indicators are housed in an enclosure made of either ABS plastic (model Vegas / California / Kansas) or stainless steel (Model Boston).

The front panels of the indicator comprise,

- An LCD display with appropriate state indicators and 5½ digits (model Boston/Vegas/California) or 6 digits (model Kansas).
- A keyboard containing 6 keys used to enter commands or data into the weight indicator, plus a key for turning the indicator on/off. Each key is identified with a name and / or pictograph.

#### **Electronics**

The instruments use a single printed circuit board, which contains all of the instrument circuitry. The metrological circuitry for the models of weight indicator is identical.

All instrument calibration and metrological setup data are contained in non-volatile memory. The power supply accepts an input voltage of 9 VDC from the external power adapter, which input from 230 VAC 50 Hz. The indicator produces a load cell excitation voltage of 5 VDC.

#### 2.1.2 Load receptors, load cells and load receptor supports

Set out in section 3.2.

#### 2.1.3 Interfaces and peripheral equipment

Set out in section 4.

#### 2.2 Functions

The weight indicating instruments are microcontroller based electronic weight indicators that require the external connection of strain gauge load cell(s). The weight information appears in the digital dis-



play located on the front panel and may be transmitted to peripheral equipment for recording, processing or display.

The primary functions provided are detailed below.

#### 2.2.1 Display range

The weight indicators will display weight from –Max to Max (gross weight) within the limits of the display capacity.

#### 2.2.2 Zero-setting

Pressing the "ZERO" key causes a new zero reference to be established and ZERO annunciator to turn on indicating the display is at the centre of zero.

Semi-automatic zero-setting range: ±2% of Max. Automatic zero-tracking range: ±2% of Max. Initial zero-setting range: ±10% of Max.

Zero-setting is only possible when the load receptor is not in motion.

#### 2.2.3 Zero-tracking

The indicators are equipped with a zero-tracking feature which operates over a range of 4% of Max and only when the indicator is at gross zero and there is no motion in the weight display.

#### 2.2.4 Tare

The instrument models are provided with a semi-automatic subtractive tare feature activated using the "TARE" key.

When the tare function is active the "G/N" key will toggle the display between showing Net and Gross value.

#### 2.2.5 Printing

A printer may be connected to the optional serial data port. The weight indicator will transmit the current to the printer when the "PRINT" key is pressed.

The printing will not take place if the load receptor is not stable, if the gross weight is less than zero, or if the weight exceeds Max.

## 2.2.6 Weighing unstable samples

The indicator has a function for weighing unstable samples. It is turned on/off by pressing the "ZERO" and "TARE" keys simultaneously.

## 2.2.7 Display test

A self-test routine is initiated by pressing the ON / OFF key to turn the instrument off then pressing it again to turn the instrument on. The test routine turns on and off all of the display segments and light indicators to verify that the display is fully functional.

#### 2.2.8 Real time clock

If it is available in the instrument, the real time clock can be activated to get printout with day and time information.



#### 2.2.9 Operator information messages

The weight indicator has a number of general and diagnostic messages which are described in detail in the user's guide.

#### 2.2.10 Software version

The software revision level is displayed during the power-up sequence of the instrument.

The approved software version is 1.07 for Boston, Vegas and California indicators, while Kansas indicator has software version 1.02.

#### 2.2.11 Totalisation

The indicator can be configured with a totalisation function, add actual weight display values to the memory when pressing "M+" key if the equilibrium is stable.

Pressing "MR" key displays the total accumulated weight.

Pressing "M+" and "MR" key will clear the totalised value.

#### 2.2.12 Battery operation

The indicator can be operated from an internal rechargeable battery, if this option is installed.

#### Technical data

The weighing instruments are composed of separate modules, which are set out as follows:

#### 3.1 Indicator

The indicators have the following characteristics:

Type: Boston / Vegas / California / Kansas

Accuracy class: III and IIII
Weighing range: Single-interval

Maximum number of Verification Scale Intervals: 6000 (class III), 1000 (class IIII)

Maximum tare effect: -Max within display limits

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Fractional factor:} & p'i = 0.5 \\ \mbox{Minimum input voltage per VSI:} & 1 \ \mu V \\ \mbox{Excitation voltage:} & 5 \ \mbox{VDC} \\ \end{array}$ 

Circuit for remote sense: present on the model with 7-terminal connector

Minimum input impedance: 87 ohm
Maximum input impedance: 1600 ohm

Mains power supply: 9 VDC / 230 VAC, 50 Hz using external

adapter

Operational temperature: -10°C to +40°C
Peripheral interface: Set out in section 4

#### 3.1.1 Connecting cable between the indicator and load cell / junction box for load cell(s)

#### 3.1.1.1 4-wire system

Cable between indicator and load cell(s): 4 wires (no sense), shielded

Maximum length: the certified length of the load cell cable, which

shall be connected directly to the indicator.



#### 3.1.1.2 6-wire system

Only to be used for the Boston indicator model with a 7-terminal connector for load cell.

Cable between indicator and junction box: 6 wires, shielded

Maximum length: 227 m / mm<sup>2</sup>

#### 3.2 Load receptors, load cells and load receptor supports

Removable platforms shall be equipped with level indicators.

#### 3.2.1 General acceptance of modules

Any load cell(s) may be used for instruments under this certificate of type approval, provided the following conditions are met:

- 1) A test certificate (EN 45501) or OIML Certificate of Conformity (R60) respectively issued for the load cell by a Notified Body responsible for type examination under the Directive 90/384/EEC.
- 2) The certificate contains the load cell types and the necessary load cell data required for the manufacturer's declaration of compatibility of modules (WELMEC 2, Issue 4, 2004), and any particular installation requirements). A load cell marked NH is allowed only if humidity testing to EN 45501 has been conducted on this load cell.
- 3) The compatibility of load cells and indicator is established by the manufacturer by means of the compatibility of modules form, contained in the above WELMEC 2 document, or the like, at the time of EC verification or declaration of EC conformity of type.
- 4) The load transmission must conform to one of the examples shown in the WELMEC 2.4 Guide for load cells.

#### 3.2.2 Platforms, weigh bridge platforms

Construction in brief All-steel or steel-reinforced concrete construction, surface or pit

mounted

Reduction ratio 1

Junction box Mounted in or on the platform
Load cells Load cell according to section 3.2.1

Drawings Various

#### 3.2.3 Bin, tank, hopper and non-standard systems

Construction in brief Load cell assemblies each consisting of a load cell stand assembly to

support one of the mounting feet bin, tank or hopper.

Reduction ratio 1

Junction box Mounted on dead structure

Load cell according to section 3.2.1

Drawings Various

#### 3.2.4 Platforms and weigh bridge platforms with lever system

All load receptors with lever system according to article 6.3 of EN 45501

Construction in brief All-steel or steel-reinforced concrete construction, surface or pit

mounted, construction fitted with levers, cutters and bearing in hard-

ened steel.

Reduction ratio 1:1 to 1:500



Junction box Mounted in or on the platform
Load cells Load cell according to section 3.2.1

Drawings Various

#### 3.3 Composition of modules

In case of composition of modules, EN 45501 paragraph 3.5 and 4.12 shall be satisfied.

# 4. Interfaces and peripheral equipment

#### 4.1 Interfaces

The interfaces are characterised "Protective interfaces" according to paragraph 8.4 in the Directive.

#### 4.1.1 Load cell input

A 5-terminal connector or 7-terminal connector for the load cell is positioned on the back of the enclosure.

#### 4.1.2 Other interfaces

The indicator may be equipped with one or more of the following protective interfaces located on the main board or on separate interface boards.

- RS-232C
- Analogue output (0 10V / 4 20 mA)
- Digital output
- Blue tooth

The interfaces do not have to be secured.

#### 4.2 Peripheral equipment

Connection between the indicator and peripheral equipment is allowed by screened cable.

The instrument may be connected to any simple peripheral device with a CE mark of conformity.

# 5. Approval conditions

#### 5.1 Measurement functions other than non-automatic functions

Measurement functions that will enable the use of the instrument as an automatic weighing instrument are not covered by this type approval.

#### 5.2 Counting operation is not approved for NAWI

The count shown as result of the counting function is not covered by this NAWI approval.

#### 5.3 Totalised weight is not a legal value.

When using the totalisation function creating a sum of several weighing results, this sum is only informative, as it is not a legal value.

#### 5.4 Compatibility of modules

In case of composition of modules, WELMEC 2 (Issue 4) 2004, paragraph 11 shall be satisfied.



# 6. Special conditions for verification

#### 6.1 Composition of modules

The environmental conditions should be taken into consideration by the composition of modules for a complete weighing instrument, for example instruments with load receptors placed outdoors and having no special protection against the weather.

The composition of modules shall agree with section 5.4.

An example of a declaration of conformity document is shown in section 10.

# 7. Securing and location of seals and verification marks

#### 7.1 Securing and sealing

Seals shall bear the verification mark of a notified body or alternative mark of the manufacturer according to ANNEX II, section 2.3 of the Directive 90/384/EEC.

#### 7.1.1 Indicator

Access to the configuration and calibration facility requires that a calibration jumper is installed on the main board.

Sealing of the cover of the enclosure - to prevent access to the calibration jumper and to secure the electronics against dismantling / adjustment - is accomplished with a brittle plastic sticker. The sticker is placed so access to one of the screws of the enclosure is prohibited (see figure 2).

#### 7.1.2 Indicator - load cell connector - load receptor

Securing of the indicator, load receptor and load cell combined is done in one of the following ways:

- sealing of the load cell connector with the indicator by a lead wire seal
- inserting the serial number of the load receptor as part of the principal inscriptions contained on the indicator identification label
- the load receptor bears the serial number of the indicator on its data plate.

#### 7.1.3 Peripheral interfaces

All peripheral interfaces are "protective"; they neither allow manipulation with weighing data or legal setup, nor change of the performance of the weighing instrument in any way that would alter the legality of the weighing.

#### 7.2 Verification marks

#### 7.2.1 Indicator

A green M-sticker shall be placed next to the CE mark on the inscription plate.

The sticker with verification marks may be placed on or next to the inscription plate or on the front of the indicator.



#### 7.2.2 Printers used for legal transactions

Printers covered by this type approval and other printers according to section 4.2, which have been subject to the conformity assessment procedure, shall not bear a separate green M-sticker in order to be used for legal transactions.

# 8. Location of CE mark of conformity and inscriptions

#### 8.1 Indicator

#### 8.1.1 CE mark

A sticker with the CE mark of conformity and year of production is located on the identification plate which is located on the enclosure of the weight indicator.

#### 8.1.2 Inscriptions

Manufacturer's trademark and / or name and the type designation is located on the front panel overlay.

On the front panel of the weight indicator:

• Manufacturer's name and / or logo.

Indelibly printed on a brittle plastic sticker located on the front panel overlay:

• Max, Min, e =, accuracy class

On the inscription plate:

• Model no., serial no., type-approval certificate no., accuracy class, temperature range, electrical data and other inscriptions.

#### 8.1.2.1 Load receptors

On a data plate:

• Manufacturer's name, type, serial number, capacity.

Left to the manufacturer choice as provided in section 7.1.2:

• Serial no. of the indicator.



# 9. Pictures



Figure 1 Boston indicator.



Figure 2 Vegas indicator.





Figure 3 California indicator.



Figure 4 Kansas indicator.







Figure 5 Sealing of Boston



After calibration, assemble the seal cover onto the hole, then fix the seal paper (self-destroyed type), if you want to enter the calibration mode or setting the essential parameters, the calibration switch must be pressed, so the sealing must be destroyed.

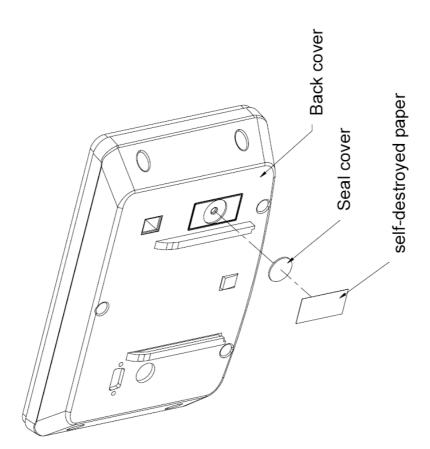


Figure 6 Sealing of Vegas







Figure 7 Sealing of California







Figure 8 Sealing of Kansas



# 10. Composition of modules - illustrated

#### **COMPATIBILITY OF MODULES**

Ref.: WELMEC 2

Non-Automatic Weighing Instrument, single-interval Certificate of EU Type-Approval No: TAC: DK0199.183 rev.1 **INDICATOR** KANSAS A/D (Module 1) Accuracy class according to EN 45501 and OIML R76: Class<sub>ind</sub>(I, II, III or IIII) Maximum number of verification scale intervals (I<sub>max</sub>): 6000  $n_{\text{ind}}$ Fraction of maximum permissible error (mpe) 0,5  $p_1$ [Vdc] Load cell excitation voltage: 5  $U_{\rm exc}$ Minimum input-voltage per verification scale interval:  $\Delta u_{min}$ [ µ∨ ] [Ω] 87 Minimum load cell impedance: [ % / 25°C ] Coefficient of temperature of the span error: Es Coefficient of resistance for the wires in the J-box cable:  $[\%/\Omega]$ Sx (L/A)<sub>max</sub> Specific J-box cable-Length to the junction box for load cells [ m / mm² ] Load cell interface: 6-wire (remote sense Additive tare, if available: [ % of Max ] [ % of Max ] [ °C ] 0 17SR Initial zero setting range [ % of Max 10 -10 T<sub>min</sub> / T<sub>max</sub> Temperature range Test report (TR), Test Certificate (TC) or OIML Certificate of Conformity: LOAD RECEPTOR (Module 2) Construction: Platform Fraction of mpe: 0.5 Number of load cells: Reduction ratio of the load transmitting device: Dead load of load receptor DL [ % of Max ] 10 Non uniform distribution of the load NUD [ % of Max ] 20  $Q = 1 + (DL + T^{+} + IZSR^{+} + NUD) / 100$ Correction factor: 1.4 L6E LOAD CELL ANALOG (Module 3) Type: Accuracy class according to OIML R60: Class<sub>LC</sub>(A, B, C or D) Maximum number of load cell intervals: 3000  $n_{LC}$ Fraction of mpe: 0,7 p₃ C Rated output (sensitivity): [mV/V] Ω] 406 Input resistance of single load cell:  $R_{\text{\tiny LC}}$ Minimum load cell verification interval:  $(v_{min\%} = 100 / Y)$  $V_{\text{min}\%}$ % of Emax ] 0,02 Rated capacity: [ kg ] 150 (E<sub>min /</sub>E<sub>max</sub>) \* 100 [%] Minimum dead load, relative 0 [°C] 40 Temperature range -10 D09-03.21 rev.1 Test report (TR) or Test Certificate (TC/OIML) as appropriate COMPLETE WEIGHING INSTRUMENT Single-interval KANSAS Manufacturer: Type Accuracy class according to EN 45501 and OIML R76: Class<sub>WI</sub> (I, II, III or IIII) Ш Fractions:  $p_i = p_1^2 + p_2^2 + p_3^2$ : 1,0 300 Maximum capacity: [ kg ] Number of verification scale intervals: 3000 Verification scale interval [ kg ] Utilisation ratio of the load cell  $\alpha = (Max / E_{max}) * (R / N)$ 0,50 Input voltage (from the load cels):  $\Delta_{\rm u}$  = C \* U<sub>exc</sub> \*  $\alpha$  \* 1000 / n [ µV/e ] 1,67 [ mm² ] [ m ] Cross-section of each wire in the J-box cable: J-box cable-Length 10 Temperature range to be marked on the instrument Not required Peripheral Equipment subject to legal control Passed, provided no result Class<sub>WI</sub> Class<sub>ind</sub> & Class<sub>LC</sub> (WELMEC 2: 1) Class<sub>WI</sub> (R76: 3.5.4.1) 1 pi 1 - pi =0,0  $\ensuremath{n_{\text{max}}}$  for the class  $n_{max}$  for the class - n =(R76: 3.2) 7000 <= n <= (WELMEC 2: 4) 3000 n  $n_{ind}$  $n_{ind}$  - n =n<sub>LC</sub> - n = <= (R76: 4.12.2) 0  $n_{\text{LC}}$ <= DL\*R/N (WELMEC 2: 6d) (DL \* R / N) - E, 7,5  $v_{min} \cdot \sqrt{N} / R$ (R76: 4.12.3) e -  $(v_{min} * \sqrt{N / R}) =$ 0,040 Alternative solutions: or (if v<sub>min</sub> is not given) e - (( $E_{max}/ n_{LC}$ ) \* ( $\sqrt{N}/ R$ )) = (WELMEC 2: 7)  $(E_{\text{max}} / n_{LC}) \cdot (\sqrt{N} / R)$ е

(WELMEC 2: 8)

(WELMEC 2: 9)

(WELMEC 2: 10)

(R76: 3.9.2.2)

(R76: 4.12.1)

Signature and date.

Q \* Max \* R / N

 $\Delta u_{\text{min}}$ 

 $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{Lmin}}$ 

L/A

 $\Delta u$ 

R<sub>LC</sub> / N

(L / A)<sub>max</sub>

 $T_{\text{max}}$  .  $T_{\text{min}}$ 

 $\mathsf{E}_{\mathsf{max}}$ 

<=

<=

<=

**Conclusion . . . . PASSED**This is an authentic document made from the program:

 $\Delta u - \Delta u_{min}$  =

 $(R_{LC} / N) - R_{Lmin} =$ 

 $(L / A)_{max}^{WI} - (L / A) =$ 

(T<sub>max</sub> - T<sub>min</sub>) - T<sub>range</sub> =

 $E_{\text{max}}$  - (Q \* Max \* R / N) =

0.67

15

182

20

45.0

"Compatibility of NAWI-modules version 3.2".

